# **LAND UNIT 1.10**

# **Calc-Silicate Teppa Hill Metamorphic Hills and Ranges**

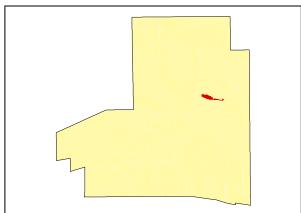
**DESCRIPTION:** Calc-silicate rocks of the Teppa Hill metamorphic unit with Witchetty Bush and Corkwood

over annual grasses.

**SITES: 132**, 141



### Distribution of land unit.



Area =  $0.67 \text{ km}^2$ , 0.20% of mapped area.

#### **LAND CAPABILITY:**

ATTRIBUTES		
SLOPE (%)	45	
RELIEF (m)	70	
SOIL DEPTH (m)	0.10	
SURFACE CONDITION	Loose. Firm in part	
DEPTH to SUBSTRATE (m)	0.10	
REACTION TREND (pH)	6.5	
OUTCROP (%)	85	
RUNOFF	Very rapid	
PERMEABILITY	Moderately permeable	
DRAINAGE	Moderately well drained	
SALINITY (µs/cm)	32.6	

DEVELOPMENT RISKS		
EROSION	Severe	
ROCK FALL	Severe	
SHEET FLOODING	None	
INUNDATION	None	
SALINITY	None	
ALKALINITY	None	
ACIDITY	None	

CAPABILITY CLASS					
Formed Roads	Shallow excavations	Septic Disposal	Horticulture	Building Foundations	Landscaping
Very Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor

Mountains, Hills and Ranges

## TECHNICAL DETAILS

# **LAND UNIT 1.10**

**DESCRIPTION:** Calc-silicate rocks of the Teppa Hill metamorphic unit forming rugged, massive outcrops.

**GEOLOGY:** The Teppa Hill Metamorphic unit is part of the Early Proterozoic Hayes Metamorphic

Complex. The metasediments that make up this unit are fine too coarse grained with a gneissic and schistose texture. The rocks of this land unit differ from those forming land unit

1.09 by the higher levels of calcium bearing silicate minerals and garnet.

**LANDFORM:** The Rolling Low Hills of the land unit have a relief of about 80m with slopes of 15%. There

appears to be no effective disturbance of the site. Moderate permeability would be due to the firm soil surface with thin crusting. Rapid runoff and moderately well draining characteristics

are due to the slope and well-laminated nature of the formation.

**SOIL:** Example from Site **132**.

MGA. Coords: 7376878mN, 388036mE

CLASSIFICATION: Lithosol. Rudosol - RU, CV, CZ, AR, I, L, T

**SURFACE:** 10% >2.0m large boulders of angular platy schist and 20% 600mm -2m angular platy boulders of

schist and slightly weathered schist.

DEPTH (m)	HORIZON	TEXTURE	рН	SALINITY (μs/cm)	OTHER DETAILS
0.00 - 0.10	A1	Sandy loam (SL)(K)	6.5	32.6	Dark red (2.5YR3/6). 40% 2-6mm fine gravelly angular platy schist and quartz fragments. 10% 6-20mm medium gravelly angular platy schist and quartz fragments. Non-effervescent.

VEGETATION: Site 104 (Albrecht, D. and Pitts, B. 1999).

UPPER STRATUM - Isolated clump of trees			
Dominant species			
Other species	Mulga, Witchetty Bush, Dead Finish, Whitewood, Bloodwood.		
MID STRATUM - Isolated clump of shrubs			
Dominant species			
Other species	Native Fuchsia, Long-leaf Corkwood.		
LOWER STRATUM - Open tussock grassland			
Dominant species	Mountain Wanderrie,		
Other species	Wild Hops, Flat-awned Threeawn, Buffel Grass, Woolly Cloak Fern, Mulga Fern, Mulga Fern, Chrysocephalum semicalvum, Cotton Panic Grass, Woollyoat Grass, Desert Spurge, Heliotropium sp. (one or both of H.cunninghamii & H.tanythrix), Indigofera leucotricha, Green Peppercress, Low Bluebush, Natal Red Top, Striped Mintbush, Large Green Pussytail, Ptilotus schwartzii var. schwartzii forma schwartzii, Rhagodia eremaea, Tall Copper Burr, Blunt-leaf Cassia, Potato Bush, Hill Threadpetal, Kangaroo Grass.		

(See Appendix 3 for botanical names)