Mountains, Hills and Ranges

LAND UNIT 1.04 **Alice Springs Granite Hills**

Rugged mountains and hills comprised of Alice Springs Granite supporting Witchetty Bush **DESCRIPTION:** and Mulga over annual grasses and forbs.

SITES:

032, 136





LAND CAPABILITY:

ATTRIBUTES				
SLOPE (%)	34			
RELIEF (m)	50			
SOIL DEPTH (m)	0.15			
SURFACE CONDITION	Loose			
DEPTH to SUBSTRATE (m)	0.15			
REACTION TREND (pH)	7.0			
OUTCROP (%)	80			
RUNOFF	Very Rapid			
PERMEABILITY	Moderately permeable			
DRAINAGE	Rapidly drained			
SALINITY (μs/cm)	68.5			



Area = 10.49 km^2 , 3.19% of mapped area.

DEVELOPMENT RISKS				
EROSION	None			
ROCK FALL	Moderate*			
SHEET FLOODING	None			
INUNDATION	None			
SALINITY	None			
ALKALINITY	None			
ACIDITY	None			

* Hazards associated with rockfall may increase if development is undertaken on the lower slope of this land unit.

CAPABILITY CLASS						
Formed Roads	Shallow excavations	Septic Disposal	Horticulture	Building Foundations	Landscaping	
Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor	Very Poor	Good	Poor	

Land Resource Capability Assessment in the Alice Springs Area Mountains, Hills and Ranges **LAND UNIT 1.04** TECHNICAL DETAILS **DESCRIPTION:** Rugged mountain ranges and hills of Alice Springs Granite. **GEOLOGY**: Middle Proterozoic Alice Springs Granite with dominant muscovite and biotite. LANDFORM: Steep Low Hills with maximum relief of 50m. Slopes of up to 34% are covered with large floating boulders and stony material with extensive bedrock outcrop. Due to the rocky nature of the land unit drainage features are not well formed with potentially very rapid runoff dispersed by large sub angular to rounded rock fragments on the slopes. Permeability is moderate and drainage would be rapid due to the highly fractured and laminated nature of the rock and the sandy texture of the remnant soil. SOIL: Example from Site 136 MGA. Coords: 7381448mN, 385893mE CLASSIFICATION: Lithosol. Rudosol - RU, CY, CZ, AR, F, K, T SURFACE: Loose with 5% 2m angular to subangular large granite boulders and 15% 200-600mm subangular granite stones. Soil formation is limited to areas between larger rock fragments that are protected from erosional wash. DEPTH HORIZON TEXTURE SALINITY OTHER DETAILS pН (m) (µs/cm) Reddish brown (2.5YR4/4) 40% 2-6mm fine gravelly angular guartz fragments and 10% **Clayey Sand** 0.00 - 0.15 A1 7.0 68.5 20-60mm coarse gravelly angular quartz (CS) and granite fragments. Apedal single grain structure with a sandy fabric. **VEGETATION:** Site 88 (Albrecht, D. and Pitts, B. 1999). **UPPER STRATUM -** Usually absent Dominant species Other species Whitewood. MID STRATUM - Tall sparse shrubland Dominant species Witchetty Bush. Silver Cassia, Dead Finish, Ruby Saltbush, Rock Fuchsia Bush, Wild Orange, Native Other species Fig, Long-leaf Corkwood, Spearwood, Blunt-leaf Cassia. LOWER STRATUM - Sparse grassland Dominant species Dwarf Lantern Flower, Wild Hops, Buffel Grass, Woolly Cloak Fern, Mulga Fern, Cotton Panic Grass, Woollyoat Grass, Mountain Wanderrie, Tropical Speedwell, Silver Indigo, Silver Tails, Five-minute Grass, Desert Lantern Flower, Boggabi, Flatawned Threeawn, Rock Fern, Hill Everlasting, Australian Carrot, Orange Spade Flower, Green Peppercress, Low Bluebush, Native Millet, Knottybutt Paspalidium, Other species Blanket Fern, Striped Mintbush, Large Green Pussytail, Tall Saltbush, Fire Sida, Smooth Mustard, Kangaroo Grass, Bullockbush, Pale-leaf Mistletoe, Caustic Weed (A), Woolly Glycine, Heliotropium sp. (one or both of H.cunninghamii & H.tanythrix), Sturts Hibiscus, Bush Banana, Velvet Hibiscus, Oxalis perennans, Clements Paspalidium, Buck Bush, Hill Sida, Shrub Sida, Dwarf Swainsona. (See Appendix 3 for botanical names)